MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

"That clauses 2 to 21, both inclusive stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clauses 2 to 21 both inclusive were added to the Bill.

MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

"That clause 1, the Preamble and the Title stand part of the Bill.

The motion was adopted.

Clause 1, the Preamble and the Title were added to the Bill.

Motion to Pass.

Sri M. V. KRISHNAPPA.—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Mysore Treasure Trove Bill, 1962 be passed."

MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

"That the Mysore Treasure Trove Bill, 1962 be passed."

The motion was adopted.

PROVINCIAL (MYSORE EXTENSION AND AMENDMENT) BILL, 1962

Motion to Consider.

Sri M. V. RAMA RAO (Minister for Law).—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Provincial Insolvency (Mysore Extension and Amendment) Bill, 1962 be taken into consideration."

MR. SPEAKER.—Motion moved:

"That the Provincial (Mysore Extension and Amendment) Bill, 1962 be taken into consideration."

Sri M. V. RAMA RAO.—Sir, at present, there are four different enactments in force in the reorganised State of Mysore. The Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920, which is a Central Act, is in force in the Madras and Bombay Areas and the Coorg District of the State of Mysore. The Mysore Insolvency Act, 1925 is an enactment of the old legislature of the erstwhile Mysore State and that is in force in the areas which formerly formed the Mysore State. The Insolvency Act, 1351 F are in force in the Hyderabad Area of the State. The three enactments are sought to be replaced by making applicable the Provincial Insolvency Act of 1920 which, as I said already, is a Central enactment to the entire State of Mysore.

In the Central Act as in force in the Bombay Area, by virtue of amendments made by the Bombay Legislature, in section 6, a new clause (1) relating to an Insolvency notice has been inserted, and consequential provisions have been made in new section 6-A and in clause (aa) of sub-section (2) of section 79.

As the subject matter of insolvency falls under entry 9 of the Concurrent List, and the laws now in force in the Mysore, Hyderabad and Madras Areas and the Coorg District are on the same lines, it is proposed to extend the Central Act to the whole State.

I commend the Bill for the acceptance of the House.

MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

"That the Provincial Insolvency (Mysore Extension and Amendment) Bill, 1962 be taken into consideration.

The motion was adopted.

MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

"That clauses 2 to 6 below inclusive, do stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted.

Clauses 2 to 6 both inclusive were added to the Bill.

MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

"That clause 1, the Preamble and the title do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 1, the Preamble and the Title were added to the Bill.

Motion to Pass.

Sri M. V. RAMA RAO.—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Provincial Insolvency (Mysore Extension and Amendment) Bill, 1962 be passed."

MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

"That the Provincial Insolvency (Mysore Extension and Amendment) Bill, 1962, be passed."

The motion was adopted.

MYSORE CIVIL COURTS BILL, 1962.

Motion to Consider.

† Sri M.V. RAMA RAO.—Sir, I beg to move that the Mysore Civil Courts Bill, 1962 be taken into consideration.

MR. SPEAKER.—Motion moved:

"That the Mysore Civil Courts Bill, 1962 be takn into consideration."

Sri M. V. RAMA RAO.—Sir, at present, there are 5 different enactments relating to the Civil Courts in force in the different areas of the Mysore State regulating the coustitution, powers and jurisdiction of the Civil Courts. It is now proposed in this Bill to have a uniform law governing the establishment, constitution, powers and jurisdiction of the Civil Courts and therefore this Bill has been brought forward.

The important features of the Bill are.—

Provision for three classes of Civil Courts subordinate to the High Court, namely.—

(*i*) the Court of the District Judge called the District court;

(*ii*) the Court of the Civil Judge and

(*iii*) the court of the Munsiff;

Provision is made in this Bill for the establishment of a District Court for each district or more than one district and for treating the City of Bangalore as a district.

Provision is also made for the establishment of a Court of a Civil Judge for each district; or for part of a district or for more than one district as may be considered necessary. Provision has been made in the Bill for fixing and verying by the High Court with the approval of the State Government, the number of Civil Judges and Munsiffs to be appointed to the Court of a Civil Judge or Munsiff's Court. There is provision to fix the locality of Courts in consultation with the High Court. The other important points are, conferment of unlimited pecuniary jurisdiction on the Court of a Civil Judge in respect of all original suits and proceedings of a civil nature and provision for conferment of jurisdiction on the Munsiff's Court in respect of all suits and proceedings of a civil nature of which the amount or value of the subject matter does not exceed five thousand rupees and on the recommendation of the High Court, the jurisdiction of any Munsiff's Court may be extended by the State Government to all original suits and proceedings of a civil nature, the value of the subject matter of which does not exceed ten thousand rupees. There are other provisions relating to the hearing of appeals from decress and orders passed by a Munsiff to the District Court; and it is proposed in this Bill that the District Court may transfer such appeals where the subject